UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/22

Paper 22 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored. NOTE: In this paper, note the M marks in questions

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets. e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

un.pen. means "unit penalty". An otherwise correct answer will have one mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing units are condoned.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

Units Ignore units, except where a mark is specified for a particular unit.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

Work which has been crossed out, but not replaced, should be marked as if it had not been crossed out.

	Page 3				Syllabus	Paper	
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1	(a)	16 - 2.4	– 4 (cm)			C1 A1	
	(b)	bala	ance/	spring balance/scales NOT weighing machine		B1	
	(c)	ma: 72/9 8 g/ci	9	lume OR M/V		C1 C1 A1 B1	[7]
2	(a)	no <i>i</i>	AND	no arrow shown		B1	
	(b)			tes it direction/opposite direction to exhaust gases		M1 A1	
	(c)	mal	kes it	down) hot) any 2 riction)		B1, B1	[5]
3	(a)	nuc		fission × = 0 for extras)		B1 B1	
	(b)	(i)	gas	lamp/fire		B1	
		(ii)	elec	tric motor OR loudspeaker		B1	
		(iii)	micr	rophone		B1	[5]
4	(a)			ND bigger area essure (on soil)		B1 B1	
	(b)	(i)	dens	th/height of air/atmosphere) sity of air/atmosphere) any 2 seleration due to) gravity)		B1, B1	
			OR area	weight/force <u>of air</u> a		B1 B1	
		(ii)	2.	same greater four times		B1 C1 A1	[7]

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5	(a) (i)	to the right		B1	
	(ii)	they open		B1	
	(iii)	current stops		B1	
	(iv)	screw in control screw/rotate screw clockwise		B1	
	(b) (i)	29 (minutes)		B1	
	(ii)	E = Pt $2000 \times \text{his}(i) \times 60$ $3.48 \times 10^{6} \text{ (J) c.a.o.}$		C1 C1 A1	[8]
6	(a) (i)	longitudinal movement clearly indicated		B1	
	(ii)	8.7–8.9		B1	
	(iii)	idea of more waves (in same distance)/shorter wa Accept shown on Fig. 6.1	avelength, however expre	essed B1	
	(b) (i)	vertical movement clearly indicated		B1	
	(ii)	2.5–2.7		B1	
	(iii)	idea of taller waves, however expressed Accept shown on Fig. 6.2		B1	[6]
7	(a) (i)	hits surface at right angles OR angle of incidence	e zero	B1	
	(ii)	reflection shown at second surface at 45° to second surface correctly through third surface e.c.f.		M1 A1 B1	
	(b) (i)	i and r both correctly marked		B1	
	(ii)	$i = r$ in symbols or words NOT sin $i = \sin r$		B1	
	(iii)	upper prism correctly positioned, by eye lower prism correctly positioned, by eye		B1 B1	[8]

	Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
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8	(a) clos	se both S ₁ and S ₂ ticked		B1		
	(b) any		C1 A1			
	(c) lam	(c) lamp would blow OR too much voltage/current				
	(d) (i)	10 (Ω)		B1		
	(ii)	I = V/R in any form, symbols or numbers 6/10 OR 12/20 e.c.f. from (i) 0.6 c.a.o. A		C1 C1 A1 B1	[9]	
9	free, potential difference, current, resistance 4 correct scores B3 2 or 3 correct scores B2 1 correct scores B1				[3]	
10	(a) (i)	magnet which operates when there is a current OR coil wrapped round iron bar		B1		
	(ii)	can be switched on/off OR can be made very strong OR can control its strength		B1		
	cha	ntion of magnetic field <u>nge</u> in flux linkage, however expressed OR field lines b uced emf/current/electricity	eing cut etc	B1 B1 B1		
	(c) (i)	magnetised		B1		
	(ii)	attracted OR magnetised		B1		
	(iii)	close		B1		
	wou	nature becomes permanently magnetised) uldn't release from core) any 2 tacts always closed)		B1, B1	[10]	

	Page 6		6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
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11	(a)		mission of electrons/charges/charged particles y means of heat				
	(b)	(i)	elect	trons ticked		B1	
		(ii)	conti	reen plates inuous upward deflection, any shape oth curve		M1 A1	
			strai	<u>plates</u> ght line in direction of final direction between plates w 1 cm of curve beyond plates, before becomes stra		B1	[6]
12	(a)	stud	dent C	C OR the last one		B1	
	(b)	half	-life ti	icked		B1	
	(c)	(i)	4 (ho	purs)		B1	
		(ii)	1			B1	
		(iii)		ours (gives 100 cpm) nours)		C1 A1	[6]